

## CIVIL WAR FACTS-AT-A-GLANCE

December 20, 1860	South Carolina secedes from the Union
January 9, 1861	Mississippi secedes from the Union
January 10, 1861	Florida secedes from the Union
January 11, 1861	Alabama secedes from the Union
January 19, 1861	Georgia secedes from the Union
January 26, 1861	Louisiana secedes from the Union
March 2, 1861	Texas secedes from the Union
April 17, 1861	Virginia secedes from the Union
May 6, 1861	North Carolina secedes from the Union
June 8, 1861	Tennessee secedes from the Union

- **Missouri**
  - Missouri's violent debates over secession began even before Lincoln was elected.
  - The state sent elected representatives to both the US Congress and the Confederate Congress.
  - One of the stars on the Confederate flag represents Missouri.
- **Kentucky**
  - Kentucky soldiers serving the Confederacy voted in Russellville, Kentucky, in favor of an ordinance of secession for Kentucky secession ordinance.
  - The soldiers were not elected representatives, nor did the people of Kentucky vote in a referendum to ratify the ordinance.
  - One of the stars on the Confederate flag represents Kentucky.
- **The Circle of the War**
  - The first Battle of Bull Run took place on July 21, 1864 on a farm owned by McLean
  - McLean moved his family during the war
  - Lee formally surrendered to Grant in McLean's home in Appomattox Court House, Virginia
- **Robert E. Lee**
  - Son of Major General Henry "Light Horse Harry" Lee, a hero of the Revolutionary War hero
  - Former Superintendent of West Point
  - 25-year veteran of service in the US Army
- **Four slave states remained in the Union and continued the institution of slavery.**
  - Delaware
  - Maryland
  - Kentucky
  - Missouri

Jefferson Davis missed an opportunity to save the Confederacy when he refused to meet with Lincoln to discuss peace unless the Union recognized the independence of the Confederacy.

- **Casualties**

- Total of American deaths: at least 618,000
- Wounded
  - 112 of every 1000 Union fighters
  - 150 of every 1000 Confederate fighters
- Record losses
  - Union
    - ❖ The 1st Maine Heavy Artillery 635 (of 900) killed in seven minutes (Petersburg)
    - ❖ Petersburg, Virginia, 18 June 1864
  - Confederate
    - ❖ 26th North Carolina – 86 killed and 588 wounded (Gettysburg)
    - ❖ 6th Alabama – 91 killed and 277 wounded (Seven Pines)
    - ❖ 4th North Carolina – 77 killed and 286 wounded (Seven Pines)
    - ❖ 44th Georgia – 71 killed 264 wounded (Mechanicsville)
- Bloodiest battles
  - ❖ Antietam – 22,726 casualties (in one day)
  - ❖ Gettysburg – 1,116 casualties (over three days)
  - ❖ Seven Days Battle – 36,463 casualties

### Fast Facts

- There were more Northern-born Confederate generals than Southern-born Union generals.
- Over 140 Confederate generals attended West Point
- The general with the longest name was union General Alexander Schimmelfennig
- The largest cavalry battle took place at Brandy Station Virginia, June 9, 1863
- There were 100 men in a Company and 10 Companies in a Regiment
- Thomas Jonathan "Stonewall" Jackson often went about camp handing out Sunday school leaflets Alfred
- Thomas Archmedes Torbert served as a commissioned officer in both the Union and the Confederate armies at the same time

### Numbers

- About 2.1 million served in the Union forces
- About 180,000 African Americans served in the Union forces
- About 3,500 Indians served in the Union forces (almost a third of them died)
- By the Surrender, African American troops in the Union Army outnumbered all troops in the Confederate Army

- About 900,000 served in the Confederate forces
- When the war broke out, nearly a third of the officers serving in the United States military resigned to join the Confederacy

### Costs

- The Union expended over \$6,000,000
  - Three-star generals earned about \$750 a month
  - Two-star generals earned about \$450 a month
  - One-star generals earned over \$300 a month
  - Colonels earned about \$200 a month
  - Lieutenant colonels earned about \$180 a month
  - Majors earned almost \$170 a month
  - Captains earned about \$115 a month
  - Second lieutenants earned about \$105 a month
  - Privates earned \$13 a month for most of the war
- The Confederacy spent over \$2,000,000
  - The pay scale followed the same pattern as the Union's but not at the same rates
  - Enlisted men's pay increased by two thirds in the final months of the war